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(54) **Method for manufacturing brushes and brush manufacturing machine applying this method**
Verfahren zum Herstellen von Bürsten sowie Bürstenherstellungsmaschine zur Durchführung dieses Verfahrens
Procédé de fabrication de brosses et machine de fabrication de brosses pour l'application de ce procédé

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(73) Proprietor: **FIRMA G.B. BOUCHERIE,**
naamloze vennootschap
8870 Izegem (BE)

(72) Inventor: **Boucherie, Bart Gerard**
8870 Izegem (BE)

(74) Representative: **Donné, Eddy**
Bureau M.F.J. Bockstael nv
Arenbergstraat 13
2000 Antwerpen (BE)

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Description

[0001] This invention relates to a method for manufacturing brushes, as well as to a device, more particularly a brush manufacturing machine, applying this method.

[0002] For manufacturing brushes, more particularly toothbrushes, substantially two techniques are known.

[0003] According to a first known technique, fiber bundles are fixed by means of anchoring plates in openings or holes in a brush body.

[0004] A big disadvantage of this technique consists in that it is only possible to work with fiber bundles of a single well-defined diameter, unless one and the same brush is manufactured on different machines.

[0005] According to a second known technique, as for example described in EP 0.346.646, fiber bundles are provided in holes or openings in brush bodies or in a portion of brush bodies, after which the fibers, at the extremities provided in the openings, are mutually connected. In consideration of the fact that no anchoring plates are applied therewith, the shape of the openings in which the fiber bundles are provided may be of any form.

[0006] The invention relates to a method which allows the realization of brushes according to the aforementioned second technique in a fast manner, whereby a variety of patterns of fibers to be inserted can be realized in a simple way.

[0007] To this aim, the invention relates to a method for manufacturing brushes, wherein a device is applied consisting of at least one carrier with openings which are mutually arranged according to a certain pattern, whereby the fiber bundles which have to be provided in a brush body can be put in this carrier, and whereby this method further consists in the combination of at least four steps, respectively, the lateral separation of fiber bundles from at least one quantity of loose fibers; the provision, in a mechanical manner, step-by-step, of the aforementioned fiber bundles in the aforementioned carrier; the transfer of the fiber bundles which are placed in the carrier by means of this carrier to a holder; and, by means of this holder, the fixation of the fiber bundles in the brush body, or at least in a portion of the brush body, whereby this is realised by presenting the fiber bundles with one of their extremities in a mould, whereby the fiber bundles are extending through the holder, and subsequently, either or not after having carried out one or more intermediate steps, by injecting synthetic material in the mould in order to form at least a portion of the brush body.

[0008] By using a step-by-step working method for providing the fiber bundles in the carrier, a systematic filling is obtained which allows for a large number of applications, whereby, during the provision of fiber bundles in a carrier, it is easy to supply successively fiber bundles with different fibers, amongst others of different kind, colour or dimensions, to the carrier.

[0009] As use is made of a carrier which, in itself, does not fulfil any shaping function for the brush body and which cooperates with a holder, the requirements set for such carrier are less stringent, as a result of which it can easily be manipulated and can be manufactured in a very simple manner.

[0010] The use of a fiber bundle take-up device which, when passing alongside a fiber magazine, takes up fibers by means of a recess, either adjustable in size or not, in the take-up device, has as an advantage that it is possible to work at high speeds, which is very important within the scope of the method according to the present invention, considering that the carrier has to be filled step-by-step.

[0011] According to the invention, the aforementioned holder preferably consists of a wall or a wall portion of the mould itself.

[0012] However, according to an alternative it is not excluded that the holder consists of a pre-shaped portion of the brush body which, together with the fiber bundles extending through this portion, is placed into the mould, whereby the brush body is further completed by injecting synthetic material in the mould, during which the extremities of the fiber bundles are embedded into the injected synthetic material.

[0013] The separated fiber bundles preferably are provided in the aforementioned openings of the carrier by means of a mutual positioning between each respective fiber bundle and the opening in which it has to be provided, and by subsequently pushing the fiber bundles into the aforementioned openings, which allows for a fast and easy to control systematic filling of the carriers.

[0014] More particularly, it is preferred that the separated fiber bundles are presented to the carrier at one location or a limited number of locations and that the carriers are positioned systematically with the respective openings opposite the aforementioned locations, which, in a practical form of embodiment, may be performed by placing the carriers on a positioning table, more particularly a table which can be positioned in two directions.

[0015] Preferably, carriers with through openings are applied, whereby the separated fiber bundles are pushed into the openings and, after the carrier is filled with fiber bundles and is presented to the aforementioned holder, the fiber bundles taken up in the fiber holder are removed from the openings in order to be placed directly or indirectly in the aforementioned holder. Hereby, preferably use is made of carriers in the form of transport plates or small blocks, whereby the openings consist of through bores.

[0016] Further, the fiber bundles provided in the aforementioned holder preferably are provided from each respective carrier in the aforementioned holder by pushing them out of the carrier by means of ejection pins, which increases the universality of the method, as, by different choice of the applied ejection pins, it is easy to obtain

different effects, such as, for example, a profile at the free extremities of the brush hair.

[0017] In consideration of the fact that, according to the invention, carriers are applied which fulfil no shaping function for the formation of the brush bodies, it is possible to place additional accessories, for example, fiber guidances, between these carriers and the holders. Hereby, fiber guidances can be applied which serve for different purposes, such as the combining of fiber bundles, the displacement of fiber bundles, or the provision of the fiber bundles in the brush bodies at an angle.

[0018] The present invention also relates to a device which applies the aforementioned method and which consists in the combination of at least one fiber magazine with loose fibers; means for the lateral separation of fiber bundles from the fibers of the fiber magazine; a mechanism with at least one carrier in which openings are formed in which the aforementioned fiber bundles can be provided; and transfer means for presenting the carrier, carriers, respectively, filled with fiber bundles, to a holder by means of which holder the fiber bundles can be presented in a mould in an appropriate manner.

[0019] With the intention of better showing the characteristics of the invention, hereafter, as an example without any limitative character, several preferred forms of embodiment are described, with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

figure 1 schematically represents the method according to the invention;

figures 2 and 3 schematically represent means for the separation of fiber bundles;

figures 4 and 5 represent two particular forms of embodiment of the means depicted in figures 2 and 3; figure 6, at a larger scale and in perspective, represents a view according to arrow F6 in figure 5;

figures 7 and 8 schematically represent how the separated fiber bundles can be placed in a carrier; figure 9 schematically represents how different carriers successively can be filled with separated fiber bundles in a systematic manner;

figures 10 and 11 represent how the fiber bundles can be transferred from the aforementioned carrier into a holder;

figures 12 and 13 represent a variant of the embodiment according to figures 10 and 11;

figures 14 and 15, in two positions, represent an embodiment whereby use is made of an additional fiber guidance;

figures 16 and 17 represent a variant whereby another fiber guidance is used;

figures 18 to 22 represent different brush bodies which can be manufactured with the method according to the invention;

figures 23, 24 and 25 schematically represent a number of possibilities for fixing the fiber bundles in a holder;

figures 26 to 28 schematically represent three alter-

native embodiments.

[0020] In figure 1, the method according to the invention for manufacturing brushes is represented schematically, whereby for the supply of fibers, use is made of a device 1 with at least one carrier which is provided with openings 3 which are mutually arranged according to a certain pattern, whereby in this carrier 2, the fiber bundles 4 can be collected which have to be provided in a brush body 5.

[0021] Further, this method substantially consists in the combination of at least four steps, respectively, a first step 6 consisting in the lateral separation of fiber bundles 4 from at least one quantity of loose fibers 7; a second step 8 consisting in the step-by-step mechanical filling of the aforementioned carrier 2 with the aforementioned fiber bundles 4; a third step 9 consisting in the transfer of the fiber bundles 4 which are placed in the carrier 2 by means of this carrier 2 to a holder 10; and a fourth step 11 consisting in the fixation, by means of this holder 10, of the fiber bundles 4 in the brush body 5, or at least in a portion of the brush body 5.

[0022] The holder 10 represented in figure 1 consists of a wall portion or such of the mould in which the fiber bundles 4 are provided in order to form subsequently at least one portion of the brush body 5 in this mould, for example, by casting, injection or such, whereby the extremities of the fiber bundles placed in the mould then become fixed automatically. It is noted that the fiber extremities protruding through the holder 10 eventually first may be attached to each other, for example, may be melted together, before the mould is filled with synthetic material.

[0023] For the lateral separation of the fiber bundles 4, as represented in figures 2 to 5, use shall be made of at least one fiber magazine 12 and a fiber bundle take-up device 13 cooperating therewith which is moved along the fibers 7 provided in the fiber magazine 12, whereby this fiber bundle take-up device 13 is provided with a recess 14 in which fibers 7 can be taken up as this recess 14 passes alongside the fiber magazine 12.

[0024] In the embodiment according to figures 2 and 4, the fiber bundle take-up device is designed rotative, whereas in the embodiments according to figures 3, 5 and 6, the fiber bundle take-up device 13 is designed straight.

[0025] In figures 4, 5 and 6, it is represented in a schematic manner that the recess 14 in the fiber bundle take-up device 13 can be adjusted in size, by shifting a slide 15 or such, in order to take up more or less fibers off a magazine 12.

[0026] In figure 7, it is represented schematically that the separated fiber bundles 4 are brought into the openings 3 of the carrier 2 by positioning these fiber bundles 4 in an appropriate manner in respect to the respective openings 3 and subsequently pushing these fiber bundles axially into the respective openings 3, for example, by means of a punch 16.

[0027] In order to position the fiber bundles 4 even better in respect to the openings 3 of the carrier 2, use shall be made of transfer means 17 which, in this case, are formed by a central lath 18 and two exterior laths 19, 20, whereby the extremities thereof facing each other show recesses, respectively 21 for lath 18 and 22 for the laths 19 and 20, whereby in this case these recesses have a semicircular shape.

[0028] As the openings 3 may show other shapes than a cylindric shape, also the shape of the recesses 21 and 22 may correspond to the shape of the openings 3, in such a manner that the fiber bundles 4 which are separated by a fiber bundle take-up device 13 are pushed, by means of the laths 18, 19 and 20, into the appropriate shape before being inserted into the openings 3.

[0029] In figure 9, a device is represented schematically whereby the carriers 2 are moved in an appropriate manner by means of a device 23, in longitudinal direction as well as in perpendicular direction, in order to bring the openings 3 thereof successively under a location where the fiber bundles 4 are removed from the fiber bundle separation device 13 in order to be provided in the openings 3 and thus providing successively a fiber bundle 4 in the different openings, whereby carriers 2 can be supplied to this device 23 one by one in an appropriate manner.

[0030] In figures 10 and 11, an embodiment is represented schematically whereby a carrier 2 filled with fiber bundles 4 is brought against a holder 10 by means of transfer means not represented in the figures, and whereby at the other side of the carrier 2, a device 24 is provided which is intended for moving the fiber bundles 4 from the carrier 2 into the holder 10.

[0031] To this aim, this device 24 consists of a guidance plate 25 on which ejection pins 26 are provided, according to a pattern which corresponds to the pattern of the openings 3 in the carrier 2, the pattern of the holes or passages 27 provided in the holder 10, respectively, whereby these ejection pins 26 are attached, for example, on a common support 28.

[0032] It suffices, as represented in figure 11, to move the ejection pins 26 in the openings 3 of the carrier 2 in order to move the fiber bundles 4 into the holder 10, in such a manner that the free extremities of these fiber bundles 4 protrude from the aforementioned openings 27 with an appropriate length.

[0033] In figures 12 and 13, an embodiment is represented similar to that of figures 10 and 11, but whereby the ejection pins 26 show an inclination 29 at their free extremity, in such a manner that the fiber bundles 4 are positioned in the holder 10 corresponding to the inclinations 29.

[0034] In dash-dot line, a pressure element 30 is represented in figure 13 with which the same result can be obtained, by treating the fiber bundles 4, after their insertion into the holder 10, by beating thereupon and/or subjecting them to a vibration in order to obtain the ap-

propriate end position. This pressure element 30 may also be applied in combination with the ejection pins 26, as a beating element for positioning the fibers against the extremities of the ejection pins 26.

[0035] Finally, by varying the length of the pins 26, the fiber bundles shall be brought more or less into the holder 10, as a result of which, in this respect, too, a certain profile of the extremities of the fiber bundles can be obtained.

[0036] In figures 14 and 15, an embodiment is represented whereby between the carrier 2 and the holder 10 a fiber guidance 31 is provided which is intended, as becomes clear from the drawings, to bring together two or more fiber bundles 4 in the holder 10, by means of a, for example, funnel-shaped guidance 32.

[0037] In the embodiment according to figures 16 and 17, the fiber guidance 31 has as a function to guide the fiber bundles 4 to another location, whether or not with the intention of placing these fiber bundles in the holder 10 at a certain angle.

[0038] In figures 18 to 22, examples of, in this case, toothbrushes are represented schematically, whereby, in accordance with the aforementioned manner, the fiber bundles 4 are provided in an appropriate manner, in order to realize certain patterns in the horizontal plane as well as in the vertical plane.

[0039] In figure 22, a particular embodiment is represented whereby at certain locations, by the combination of fiber bundles, certain continuous fiber bundle arrangements are obtained.

[0040] When the fiber bundles 4, in the manner as described in the foregoing, are provided in a holder 10, the free extremities of the fibers, as represented, for example, in figure 23, will preferably be melted together, for example, under the influence of heat, whereby it is obtained at the same time that, in this way, the fiber bundles are retained in the holder.

[0041] According to a variant, as represented in figure 24, it is also possible to bring a pre-shaped or pre-formed portion 10A of the brush body in the mould, which in that case, together with the portion 10B of the mould, forms a composed holder 10.

[0042] This allows that the fiber bundles protruding in the holder 10 can be chosen with such a length that not only the fibers of a single fiber bundle are melted together, but, at the same time, the fibers of adjacent fiber bundles are connected to each other, such that one whole is obtained which, in heated condition, preferably is compressed.

[0043] In a particular embodiment, as represented in figure 25, the openings 27 in the holder 10 will show an enlargement 33, as a result of which the fiber bundles 4 are additionally fixed in the openings 25.

[0044] Figure 26 shows a variant of the embodiment of figure 25, whereby the abovesaid portion 10B is omitted and, consequently, the holder 10 only consists of the pre-shaped or pre-formed portion of the brush body 5.

[0045] It is obvious that, instead of using a mould for

the complete brush body 5, it is also possible to use a mould for only a portion 34 of the brush body 5. The pre-formed portion 34 can then be fixed to the remaining portion of the brush body 5, as schematically indicated with arrow P1 in figure 27, either by the manufacturer or by the consumer, by means of any suitable technique, for example by clicking or welding.

[0046] Figure 28 shows a variant in which a combination is made of the techniques shown in figures 26 and 27, in other words, before forming the portion 34, a holder 10 consisting of a pre-formed portion of the brush body is provided in the mould.

[0047] It is clear that in all embodiments of the figures 10 to 17, 23, 24 and 26 to 28, the holder 10 always forms part of the mould or borders the cavity of the mould, whereby, according to this invention, it is always intended by reference 35, is filled up by injecting synthetic material in it by injection moulding.

[0048] The present invention is in no way limited to the embodiments described heretofore and represented in the drawings, on the contrary, devices applying the method according to the invention may be realized in a variety of forms and dimensions without leaving the scope of the invention.

Claims

1. Method for manufacturing brushes, wherein a device is applied consisting of at least one carrier (2) with openings (3) which are mutually arranged according to a certain pattern, whereby the fiber bundles which have to be provided in a brush body (5) can be put in this carrier (2), and whereby this method further consists in the combination of at least four steps (6-8-9-11), respectively, the lateral separation of fiber bundles (4) from at least one quantity of loose fibers (7); the provision, in a mechanical manner, step-by-step, of the aforementioned fiber bundles (4) in the aforementioned carrier (2); the transfer of the fiber bundles (4) which are placed in the carrier by means of this carrier (2) to a holder (10); and, by means of this holder (10), the fixation of the fiber bundles (4) in the brush body (5), or at least in a portion of the brush body, whereby this is realised by presenting the fiber bundles (4) with one of their extremities in a mould, whereby the fiber bundles (4) are extending through the holder (10), and subsequently, either or not after having carried out one or more intermediate steps, by injecting synthetic material in the mould in order to form at least a portion of the brush body (5).
2. Method according to claim 1, **characterized in that**, for the lateral separation of fiber bundles (4), use is made of at least one fiber magazine (12) and a fiber bundle take-up device (13) cooperating therewith which is moved along the fibers (7) taken into the fiber magazine (12) and which is provided with a recess (14), in such a manner that fiber bundles (4) are separated which subsequently are provided in the carrier (2).
3. Method according to claim 1 or 2, **characterized in that** the size, more particularly the thickness, of the separated fiber bundles (4) is changed during the filling of the aforementioned pattern, in particular, is controlled according to a certain cycle, to which aim use is made of a bundle take-up device (13), whereby the size of the aforementioned recess (14) thereof can be adjusted.
4. Method according to one of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** the separated fiber bundles (4) are provided in the openings (3) of a carrier (2) by a mutual positioning between each respective fiber bundle (4) and the opening (3) in which it has to be provided, and subsequently pushing the separated fiber bundles (4) in longitudinal direction into the aforementioned openings.
5. Method according to claim 4, **characterized in that** the separation of the fiber bundles (4) is performed by means of a fiber bundle take-up device (13) and that the fiber bundles (4) are pushed from the fiber bundle take-up device (13) immediately into the openings of the carrier (2).
6. Method according to claim 4, **characterized in that** the separation of the fiber bundles (4) is performed by means of a fiber bundle take-up device (13) and that the separated fiber bundles (4) are provided in the respective openings of the carrier (2) by taking them by means of transfer means (17) out of the fiber bundle take-up device (13) and placing them in the openings (3).
7. Method according to claim 5 or 6, **characterized in that** one or more carriers (2) are used, comprising at least a number of openings (3), the shape of which differs from the cross-section of the separated fiber bundles (4) and that the separated fiber bundles (4), in respect to the cross-section, are reshaped during the transfer to the carrier (2) in order to obtain a shape which is adapted to the shape of the respective openings (3).
8. Method according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** the separated fiber bundles (4), at one or more well-defined locations, are presented to the carriers (2) and that the respective carriers (2) are subjected to a positioning cycle such that separated fiber bundles (4) are systematically presented to the openings (3) thereof.
9. Method according to any of the preceding claims,

characterized in that use is made of one or more carriers (2) with through openings (3), whereby the separated fiber bundles (4) are pushed into the openings (3) and, after such carrier (2) is filled with fiber bundles (4) and has been presented to a holder (10), the fiber bundles (4) taken up in the carrier (2) are removed from the openings (3) in order to be placed directly or indirectly into the aforementioned holder (10).

10. Method according to claim 9, **characterized in that** fiber bundles (4) provided in each respective carrier (2) are brought from this carrier (2) into the respective holder (10) by pushing them out of the carrier (2) by means of ejection pins (26).

11. Method according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** during the transfer of the fiber bundles (4) from a carrier (2) to a holder (10), the fiber bundles (4) with their extremities which are intended to form the free extremities of the brush hair, are arranged according to a desired profile.

12. Method according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** use is made of a fiber guidance (31) which either places certain fiber bundles (4) in a well-defined direction, or brings certain fiber bundles (4) together, or still guides certain fiber bundles (4) to another location, or provides in a combination of two or three of these actions.

13. Method according to one of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** for the holder (10), at least use is made of a wall portion of the mould in which the fiber bundles (4) are provided with one extremity and whereby subsequently in said mould at least a part of a brush body (5) is formed.

14. Method according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** for the holder (10), use is made of an already previously formed portion (10A) of a brush body (5), which is provided in the mould.

15. Method according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** for a holder (10), use is made of a portion which is provided with through openings (27); that the fiber bundles (4) with their respective extremities are brought through these openings (27); and that the fibers (7) of the fiber bundles (4), at their extremities protruding through the aforementioned portion, subsequently are adhered to each other and/or fixed in the respective portion.

16. Method according to claim 15, **characterized in that** the extremities of the fibers 7, the fiber bundles (4), respectively, which protrude through the aforementioned portion, are subjected to one or more of the techniques from the following series:

- the melting together of the fibers (7) by means of heat;
- the melting to each other of the fiber bundles (4) by heating and flattening the respective extremities;
- the sealing of the fibers (7), at least next to the foot with which they protrude through the aforementioned holder (10);
- each combination of two or more of abovesaid techniques.

17. Device for manufacturing brushes, in particular with a method according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** it consists in the combination of at least one fiber magazine (12) with loose fibers (7); means (13) for the lateral separation of fiber bundles (4) from the fibers (7) of the fiber magazine (12); a mechanism with at least one carrier (2) in which openings are formed in which the aforementioned fiber bundles (4) can be provided; and transfer means for presenting the carrier (2), carriers (2), respectively, filled with fiber bundles (4), to a holder (10) by means of which the fiber bundles (4) can be presented in a mould in an appropriate manner.

18. Device according to claim 17, **characterized in that** the means (13) for the lateral separation of fiber bundles (4) consist of a to-and-fro movable fiber bundle take-up device (13) which is provided with a recess (14); that the carrier (2) consists of a plate with through openings (3); and that the device further is provided with means (24) in the form of ejection pins (26) or such in order to transfer the fiber bundles (4) from the carrier (2) to the holder (10).

Patentansprüche

1. Verfahren zur Herstellung von Bürsten, worin eine Vorrichtung angewendet wird, bestehend aus zumindest einem Träger (2) mit Öffnungen (3), die in Bezug zueinander gemäß einem bestimmten Muster geordnet sind, wobei die in einem Bürstenkörper (5) anzubringenden Faserbündel in diesen Träger (2) gebracht werden können, und wobei dieses Verfahren weiterhin aus der Kombination von zumindest vier Schritten (6-8-9-11) besteht, jeweils der seitlichen Abscheidung von Faserbündeln (4) von zumindest einer bestimmten Menge loser Fasern (7); dem schrittweisen Anbringen, auf mechanische Weise, der vorgenannten Faserbündel (4) in dem vorgenannten Träger (2); dem Transfer der in dem Träger platzierten Faserbündel (4) mittels dieses Trägers (2) zu einem Halter (10); und, mittels dieses Halters (10), der Befestigung der Faserbündel (4) in dem Bürstenkörper (5), oder zumindest in einem Teil des Bürstenkörpers, wobei dies durch Vorlegen der Faserbündel (4) mit einem ihrer En-

- den in einer Form, wobei die Faserbündel (4) sich durch den Halter (10) erstrecken, und anschließend, entweder nach Ausführung eines oder mehrerer Zwischenschritte oder nicht, durch Einspritzen von Kunststoffmaterial in der Form zum Formen zumindest eines Teils des Bürstenkörpers (5) geschieht.
2. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 1, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** zur seitlichen Abscheidung der Faserbündel (4) zumindest ein Fasermagazin (12) und eine damit zusammenwirkende Faserbündel-Abnehmvorrichtung (13) verwendet werden, wobei letztere entlang der in das Fasermagazin (12) aufgenommenen Fasern (7) bewegt wird und mit einer Aussparung (14) versehen ist, derart, dass Faserbündel (4) abgeschieden werden, die anschließend in dem Träger (2) angebracht werden.
 3. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 1 oder 2, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Größe, insbesondere die Dicke, der abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4) während des Füllens des vorgenannten Musters verändert wird, insbesondere gemäß einem bestimmten Zyklus gesteuert wird, zu welchem Zweck eine Bündel-Aufnahmevorrichtung (13) verwendet wird, wobei die Größe deren vorgenannter Aussparung (14) eingestellt werden kann.
 4. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4) durch ein gegenseitiges Positionieren zwischen jedem jeweiligen Faserbündel (4) und der Öffnung (3), worin es angebracht werden muss, und indem anschließend die abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4) in Längsrichtung in die vorgenannten Öffnungen gedrückt werden, in den Öffnungen (3) eines Trägers (2) angebracht werden.
 5. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 4, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Abscheidung der Faserbündel (4) mittels einer Faserbündel-Abnehmvorrichtung (13) durchgeführt wird und dass die Faserbündel (4) von der Faserbündel-Abnehmvorrichtung (13) unmittelbar in die Öffnungen des Trägers (2) gedrückt werden.
 6. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 4, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Abscheidung der Faserbündel (4) mittels einer Faserbündel-Abnehmvorrichtung (13) durchgeführt wird und dass die abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4) in den jeweiligen Öffnungen des Trägers (2) angebracht werden, indem sie mittels Transfermitteln (17) aus der Faserbündel-Abnehmvorrichtung (13) genommen und in den Öffnungen (3) plaziert werden.
 7. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 5 oder 6, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** ein oder mehrere Träger (2) verwendet werden, die zumindest eine Anzahl von Öffnungen (3) umfassen, deren Form sich von dem Querschnitt der abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4) unterscheidet, und dass die abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4), in Bezug auf den Querschnitt, während des Transfers zum Träger (2) neu geformt werden, um eine Form zu erhalten, die der Form der jeweiligen Öffnungen (3) angepasst ist.
 8. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4), an einer oder mehreren bestimmten Stellen, den Trägern (2) vorgelegt werden und dass die jeweiligen Träger (2) einem Positionierzyklus unterzogen werden, sodass abgeschiedene Faserbündel (4) systematisch deren Öffnungen (3) vorgelegt werden.
 9. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** ein oder mehrere Träger (2) mit durchgehenden Öffnungen (3) verwendet werden, wobei die abgeschiedenen Faserbündel (4) in die Öffnungen (3) gedrückt werden und, nachdem ein derartiger Träger (2) mit Faserbündeln (4) gefüllt ist und einem Halter (10) vorgelegt wurde, die in dem Träger (2) aufgenommenen Faserbündel (4) aus den Öffnungen (3) entfernt werden, um direkt oder indirekt in dem vorgenannten Halter (10) plaziert zu werden.
 10. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 9, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** in jedem betreffenden Träger (2) angebrachte Faserbündel (4) von diesem Träger (2) in den jeweiligen Halter (10) gebracht werden, indem sie mittels Auswurfstüften (26) aus dem Träger (2) gedrückt werden.
 11. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** während des Transfers der Faserbündel (4) von einem Träger (2) zu einem Halter (10) die Faserbündel (4) mit ihren Enden, die die freien Enden der Borsten bilden sollen, gemäß dem gewünschten Profil angeordnet werden.
 12. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** eine Faserführung (31) verwendet wird, die entweder bestimmte Faserbündel (4) in eine bestimmte Richtung plaziert, oder bestimmte Faserbündel (4) zusammenbringt, oder noch bestimmte Faserbündel (4) zu einer anderen Stelle leitet, oder eine Kombination von zwei oder drei dieser Handlungen vorsieht.
 13. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche

che, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** für den Halter (10) zumindest ein Wandteil der Form, worin die Faserbündel (4) mit einem Ende angebracht sind, verwendet wird und wobei anschließend in besagter Form zumindest ein Teil eines Bürstenkörpers (5) geformt wird.

14. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** für den Halter (10) ein bereits vorgeformtes Teil (10A) eines Bürstenkörpers (5) verwendet wird, das in der Form angebracht wird.

15. Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** für einen Halter (10) ein Teil verwendet wird, das mit durchgehenden Öffnungen (27) versehen ist; dass die Faserbündel (4) mit ihren jeweiligen Enden durch diese Öffnungen (27) gebracht werden; und dass die Fasern (7) der Faserbündel (4) anschließend an ihren durch das vorgenannte Teil ragenden Enden aneinander befestigt und/oder in dem betreffenden Teil fixiert werden.

16. Verfahren gemäß Anspruch 15, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Enden der Fasern (7), beziehungsweise die Faserbündel (4), die durch das vorgenannte Teil ragen, einer oder mehreren der Techniken aus der folgenden Serie unterzogen werden:

- dem Zusammenschmelzen der Fasern (7) mittels Wärme;
- dem Aneinanderschmelzen der Faserbündel (4) durch Erwärmen und Abplatten der betreffenden Enden;
- dem Versiegeln der Fasern (7), zumindest in der Nähe des Fußes, womit sie durch den vorgenannten Halter (10) ragen;
- jeder Kombination von zwei oder mehr der vorgenannten Techniken.

17. Vorrichtung zur Herstellung von Bürsten, insbesondere mit einem Verfahren gemäß einem der vorgenannten Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** es aus der Kombination von zumindest einem Fasermagazin (12) mit losen Fasern (7) besteht; Mitteln zum seitlichen Abscheiden von Faserbündeln (4) von den Fasern (7) des Fasermagazins (12); einem Mechanismus mit zumindest einem Träger (2), worin Öffnungen gebildet sind, worin die vorgenannten Faserbündel (4) angebracht werden können; und Transfermitteln zum Vorlegen des mit Faserbündeln (4) gefüllten Trägers (2), beziehungsweise der mit Faserbündel (4) gefüllten Träger (2), an einen Halter (10), mittels dessen die Faserbündel (4) auf geeignete Weise in einer Form vorgelegt werden können.

18. Vorrichtung gemäß Anspruch 17, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Mittel (13) zur seitlichen Abscheidung von Faserbündeln (4) aus einer hin- und herbewegbaren Faserbündel-Abnehmvorrichtung (13) bestehen, die mit einer Aussparung (14) versehen ist; dass der Träger (2) aus einer Platte mit durchgehenden Öffnungen (3) besteht; und dass die Vorrichtung weiterhin mit Mitteln (24) in Form von Auswurfstiften (26) oder dergleichen versehen ist, um die Faserbündel (4) von dem Träger (2) zum Halter (10) zu befördern.

Revendications

1. Procédé de fabrication de brosses, dans lequel on utilise un dispositif constitué par au moins un support (2) comprenant des ouvertures (3) qui sont disposées, les unes par rapport aux autres, conformément à un certain modèle, par lequel les faisceaux de fibres qui doivent être acheminés dans un corps de brosse (5) peuvent être placés dans ledit support (2), et par lequel ledit procédé est en outre constitué par la combinaison d'au moins quatre étapes (6 - 8 - 9 - 11), à savoir respectivement la séparation latérale des faisceaux de fibres (4) par rapport à au moins une quantité de fibres lâches (7); la disposition, d'une manière mécanique, étape par étape, des faisceaux de fibres susmentionnés (4) dans le support susmentionné (2); le transfert des faisceaux de fibres (4) qui sont placés dans le support, à l'aide dudit support (2), à un dispositif de maintien (10); et, à l'aide dudit dispositif de maintien (10), la fixation des faisceaux de fibres (4) dans le corps de brosse (5) ou au moins dans une portion du corps de brosse, par lequel on met en oeuvre ledit procédé en présentant les faisceaux de fibres (4) avec une de leurs extrémités dans un moule, les faisceaux de fibres (4) s'étendant à travers le dispositif de maintien (10), et en injectant par la suite, après avoir ou non mis en oeuvre une ou plusieurs étapes intermédiaires, une matière synthétique dans le moule dans le but de former au moins une portion du corps de brosse (5).
2. Procédé selon la revendication 1, **caractérisé en ce que**, pour la séparation latérale des faisceaux de fibres (4), on fait usage d'au moins un magasin de fibres (12) et d'un dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux de fibres (13) coopérant avec le premier cité, qui se déplace le long de fibres (7) prélevée dans le magasin de fibres (12) et qui est équipé d'un évidement (14), de telle sorte que les faisceaux de fibres (4) sont séparés avant d'être alimentés par la suite dans le support (2).
3. Procédé selon la revendication 1 ou 2, **caractérisé en ce que** la dimension, de manière plus particu-

- lière l'épaisseur des faisceaux de fibres séparés (4) est soumise à des modifications au cours du remplissage du modèle susmentionné, en particulier est réglée conformément à un certain cycle pour lequel on fait usage d'un dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux (13), de telle sorte que l'on peut ajuster la dimension de l'évidement susmentionné (14) dudit dispositif de prélèvement.
4. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres séparés (4) sont acheminés dans les ouvertures (3) d'un support (2) à l'aide d'un positionnement réciproque entre chaque faisceau de fibres respectif (4) et l'ouverture (3) dans laquelle ledit faisceau doit être acheminé, et en poussant par la suite les faisceaux de fibres séparés (4) en direction longitudinale pour pénétrer dans les ouvertures susmentionnées.
 5. Procédé selon la revendication 4, **caractérisé en ce que** la séparation des faisceaux de fibres (4) est mise en oeuvre à l'aide d'un dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux de fibres (13) et **en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres (4) sont poussés à partir du dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux de fibres (13) immédiatement dans les ouvertures du support (2).
 6. Procédé selon la revendication 4, **caractérisé en ce que** la séparation des faisceaux de fibres (4) est mise en oeuvre à l'aide d'un dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux de fibres (13) et **en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres séparés (4) sont procurés dans les ouvertures respectives du support (2) en les prélevant à l'aide d'un moyen de transfert (17) à partir du dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux de fibres (13) et en les plaçant dans les ouvertures (3).
 7. Procédé selon la revendication 5 aux 6, **caractérisé en ce qu'on** utilise un ou plusieurs supports (2), comprenant au moins un certain nombre d'ouvertures (3) dont la configuration diffère de la section transversale des faisceaux de fibres séparées (4) et **en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres séparés (4), par rapport à la section transversale, sont soumis à une nouvelle configuration au cours du transfert du support (2) dans le but d'obtenir une configuration qui épouse la configuration des ouvertures respectives (3).
 8. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres séparés 4, à un ou plusieurs endroits bien définis, sont présentés au support (2) et **en ce que** les supports respectifs (2) sont soumis à un cycle de positionnement de telle sorte que des faisceaux de fibres séparés (4) sont systématiquement présentés aux ouvertures (3) desdits supports.
 9. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce qu'on** fait usage d'un ou de plusieurs supports (2) comportant des ouvertures traversantes (3), par lequel les faisceaux de fibres séparés (4) sont poussés dans les ouvertures (3) et, après le remplissage dudit support (2) avec des faisceaux de fibres (4) et après avoir présenté le support à un dispositif de maintien (10), les faisceaux de fibres (4) prélevés dans le support (2) sont retirés des ouvertures (3) afin de les placer directement ou indirectement dans le dispositif de maintien (10) susmentionné.
 10. Procédé selon la revendication 9, **caractérisé en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres (4) procurés dans chaque support respectif (2) sont amenés depuis ledit support (2) jusque dans le dispositif de maintien respectif (10) en les poussant hors du support (2) à l'aide de broches d'éjection (26).
 11. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que**, au cours du transfert des faisceaux de fibres (4) depuis un support (2) jusqu'à un dispositif de maintien (10), les faisceaux de fibres (4), avec leurs extrémités qui sont destinées à former les extrémités libres des poils de brosse, sont arrangés conformément à un profil désiré.
 12. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce qu'on** fait usage d'un dispositif de guidage de fibres (31) qui, soit place certains faisceaux de fibres (4) dans une direction bien définie, soit rassemble certains faisceaux de fibres (4), soit encore guide (2) certains faisceaux de fibres (4) en direction d'un autre endroit, soit procure une combinaison de deux ou trois des actions précitées.
 13. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que**, pour le dispositif de maintien (10), on fait usage d'une portion de paroi du moule dans lequel on alimente les faisceaux de fibres (4) avec une de leurs extrémités, et par lequel on forme par la suite dans ledit moule au moins une partie d'un corps de brosse (5).
 14. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que**, pour le dispositif de maintien (10), on fait usage d'une portion déjà préalablement formée d'un corps de brosse (5) qui est prévu dans le moule.
 15. Procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que**, pour le dispositif de maintien (10), on fait usage d'une portion qui est munie d'ouvertures traversantes (27) ; **en ce que** les faisceaux de fibres (4) sont amenés avec

leurs extrémités respectives à travers ces ouvertures (27) ; et **en ce que** les fibres (7) des faisceaux de fibres (4), faisant saillie à leurs extrémités à travers la portion susmentionnée, adhèrent ensuite l'une à l'autre et/ou sont fixées dans la portion respective. 5

16. Procédé selon la revendication 15, **caractérisé en ce que** les extrémités des fibres (7), les faisceaux de fibres (4), respectivement, qui font saillie à travers la portion susmentionnée, sont soumis à une ou plusieurs des techniques choisies parmi le groupe indiqué ci-après : 10

- l'agglomération des fibres (7) par fusion à l'aide de chaleur ; 15
- la mise en fusion des faisceaux de fibres (4) les uns par rapport aux autres à l'aide de chaleur et l'aplatissement des extrémités respectives ;
- le thermosoudage de fibres (7), au moins à proximité de la base avec laquelle elles font saillie à travers le dispositif de maintien susmentionné (10) ; 20
- chaque combinaison de deux des techniques susmentionnées ou plus. 25

17. Dispositif pour la fabrication de brosse, en particulier avec un procédé selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce qu'il** est constitué par la combinaison au moins d'un magasin de fibres (12) comportant des fibres lâches (7) ; de moyens (13) pour la séparation latérale des faisceaux de fibres (4) par rapport aux fibres (7) du magasin de fibres (12) ; d'un mécanisme comprenant au moins un support (2) dans lequel on forme des ouvertures dans lesquelles on peut alimenter les faisceaux de fibres susmentionnés (4) ; et d'un moyen de transfert pour présenter le support (2), les supports (2), respectivement, remplis avec des faisceaux de fibres (4), à un dispositif de maintien (10) à l'aide duquel les faisceaux de fibres (4) peuvent être présentés dans un moule d'une manière appropriée. 30 35 40

18. Dispositif selon la revendication 17, **caractérisé en ce que** les moyens (13) pour la séparation latérale des faisceaux de fibres (4) sont constitués par un dispositif de prélèvement de faisceaux de fibres (13) apte à effectuer un mouvement de va-et-vient et qui est muni d'un évidement (14) ; **en ce que** le support (2) est constitué d'une plaque comportant des ouvertures traversantes (3) ; et **en ce que** le dispositif est en outre équipé de moyens (24) sous la forme de broches d'éjection (26) ou analogues dans le but de transférer les faisceaux de fibres (4) du support (2) au dispositif de maintien (10). 45 50 55

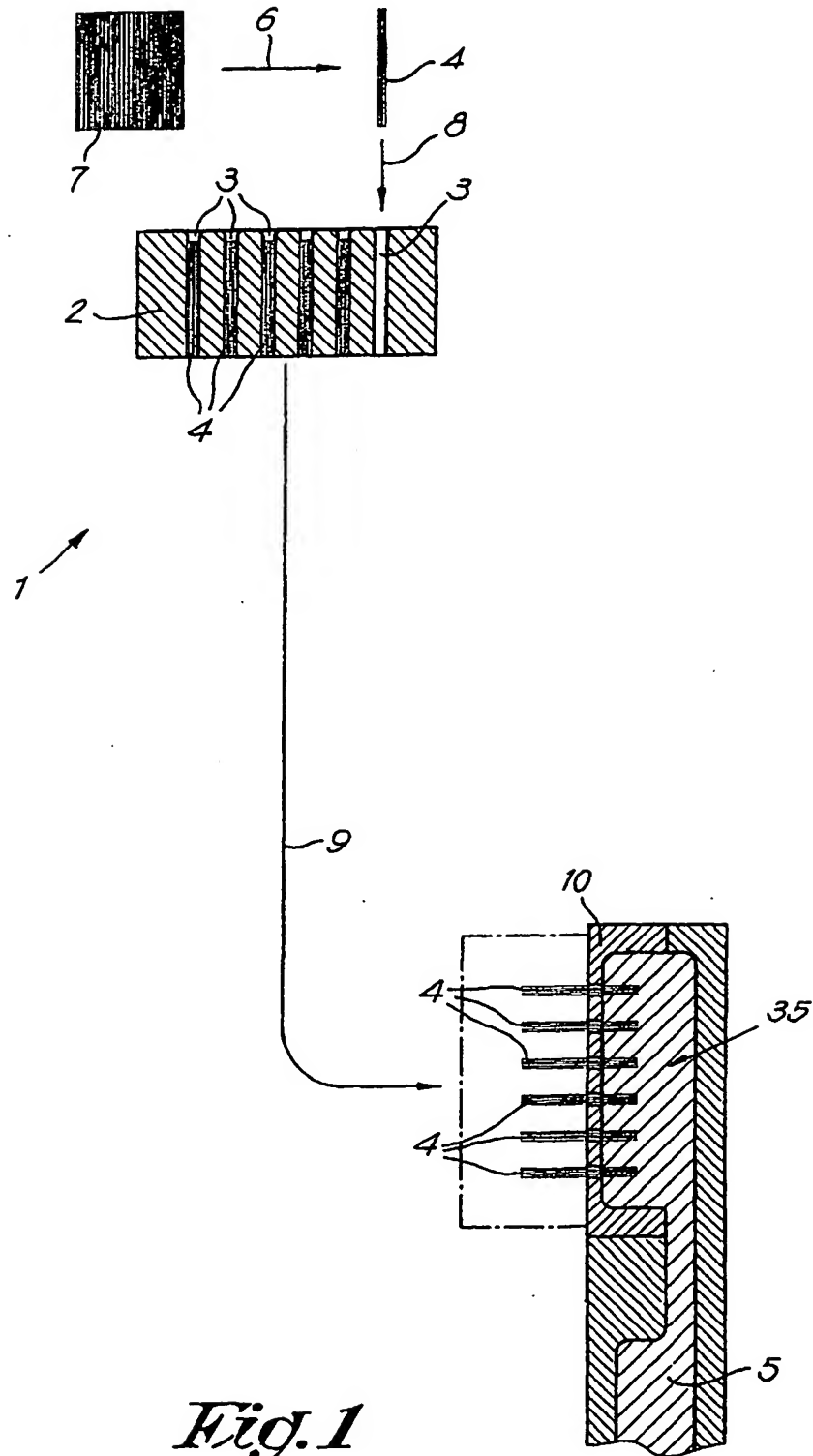


Fig. 1

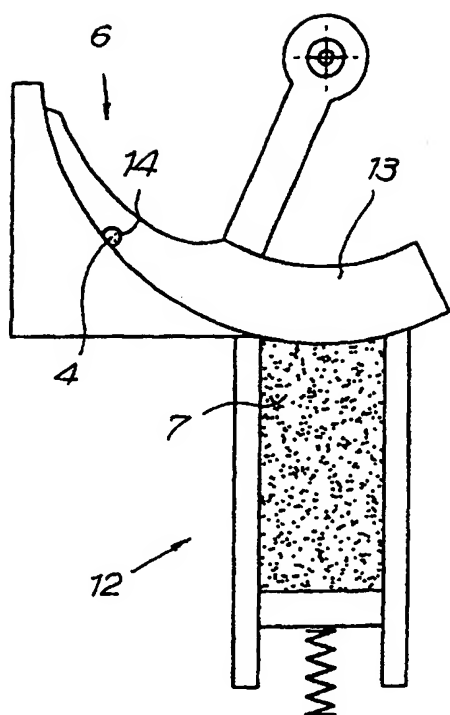


Fig. 2

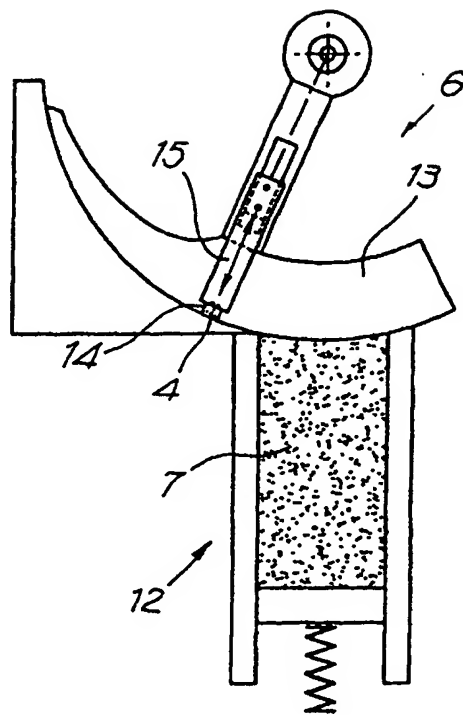


Fig. 4

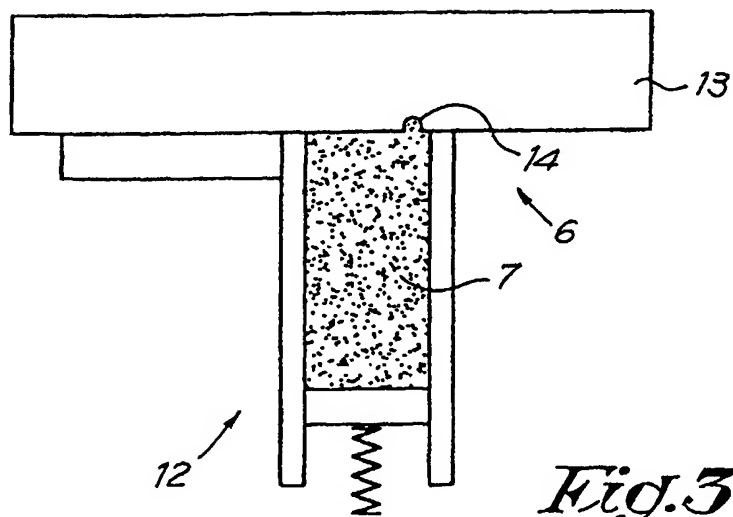


Fig. 3

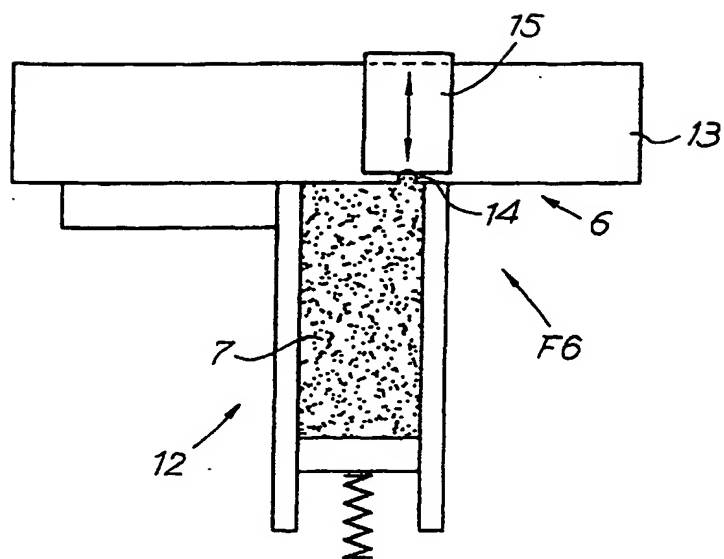


Fig. 5

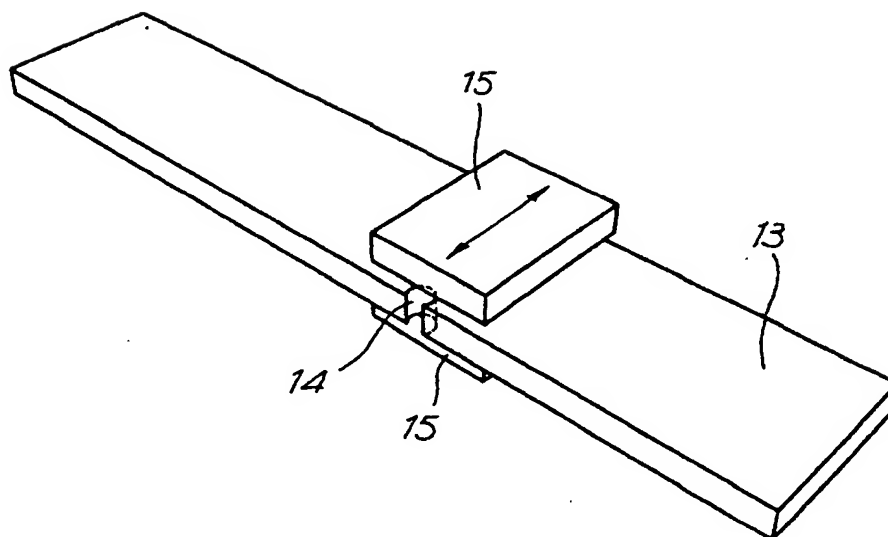


Fig. 6

Fig.7

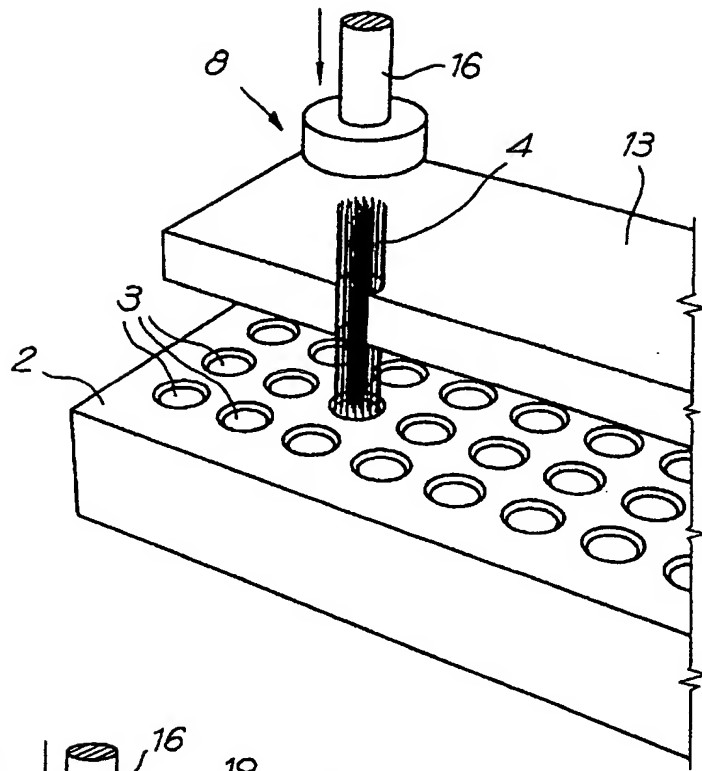
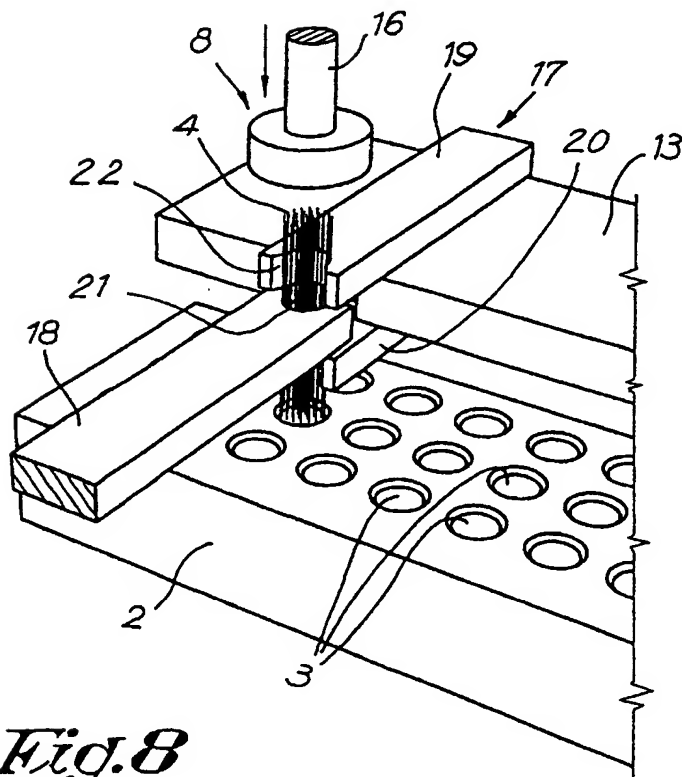


Fig.8



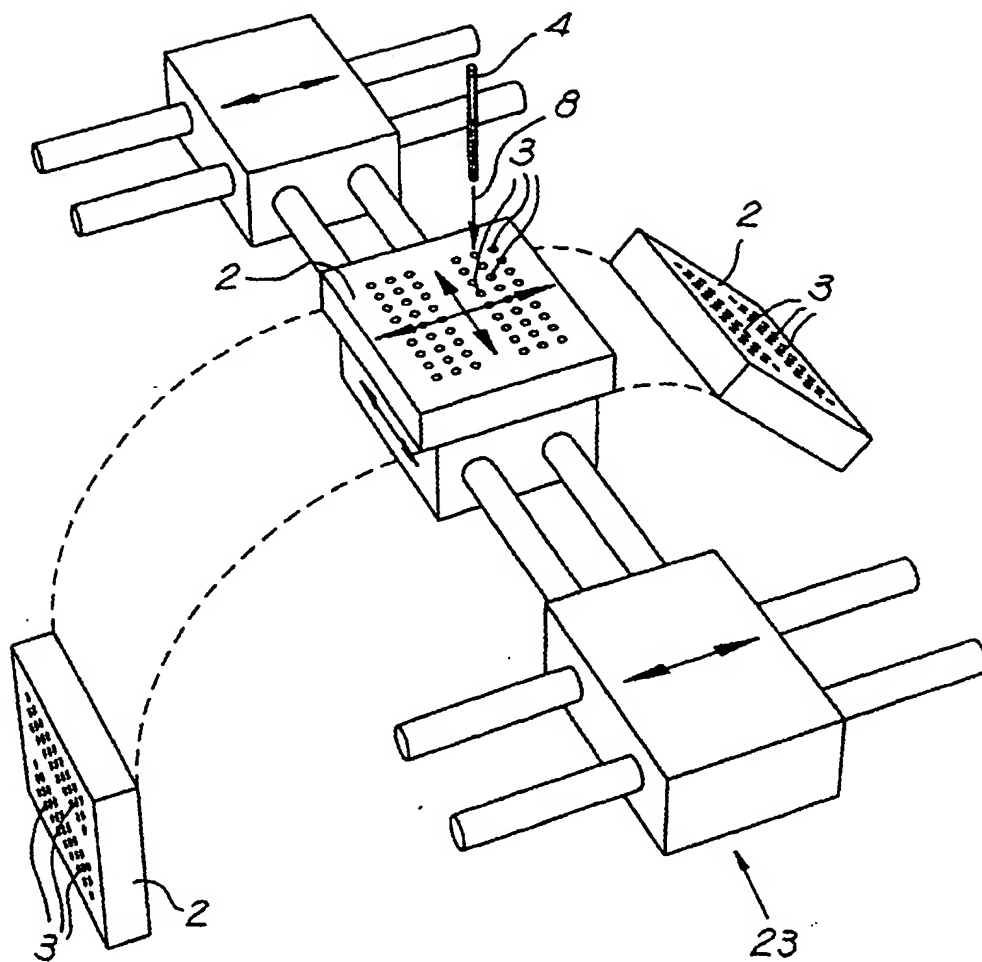


Fig.9

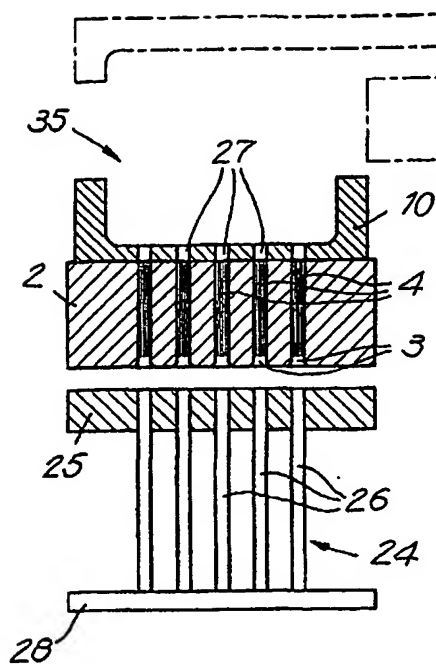


Fig. 10

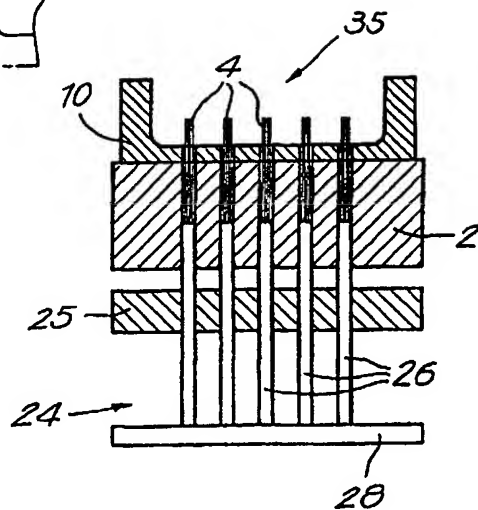


Fig. 11

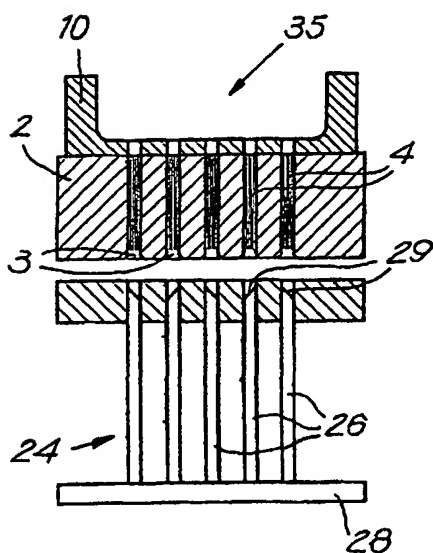


Fig. 12

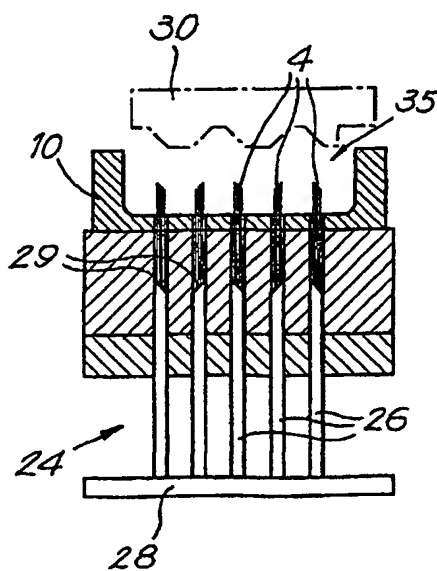


Fig. 13

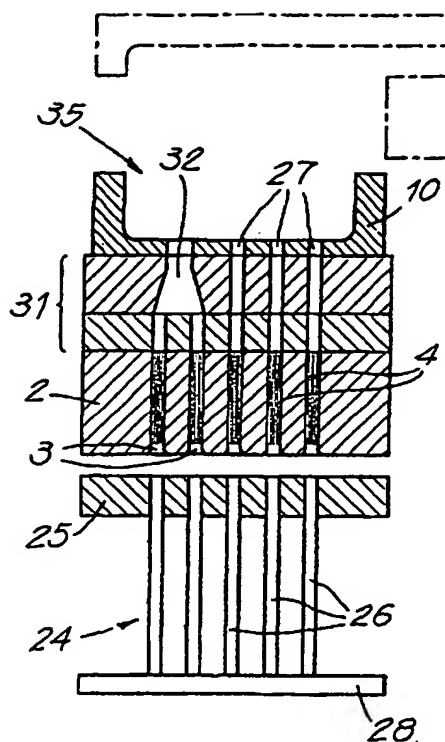


Fig. 14

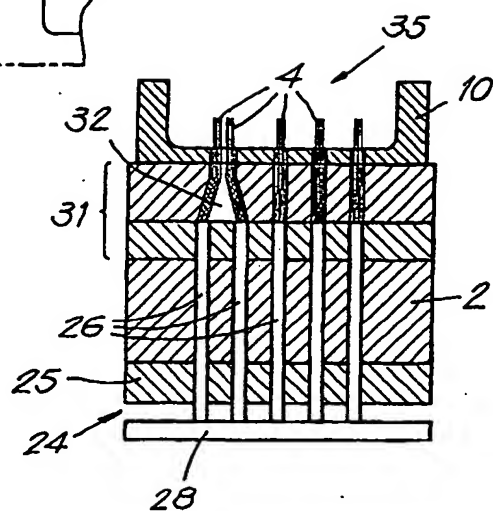


Fig. 15

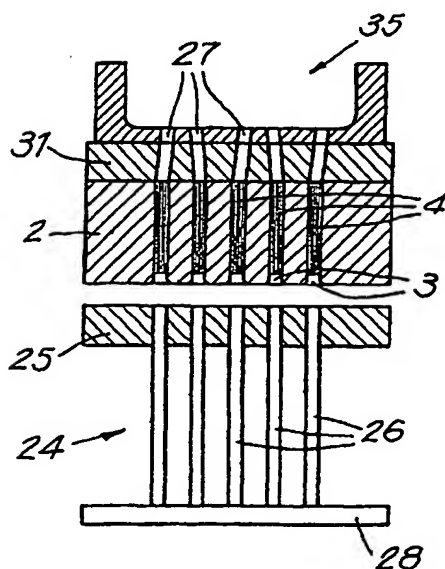


Fig. 16

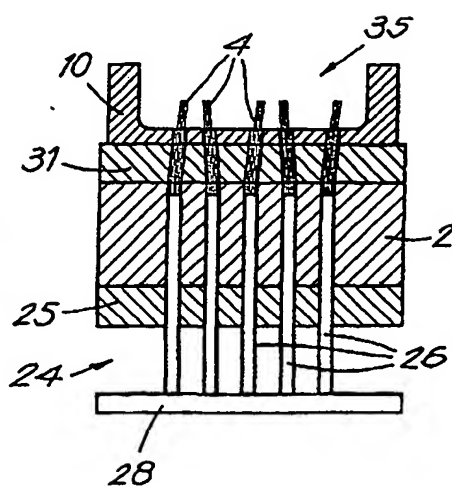
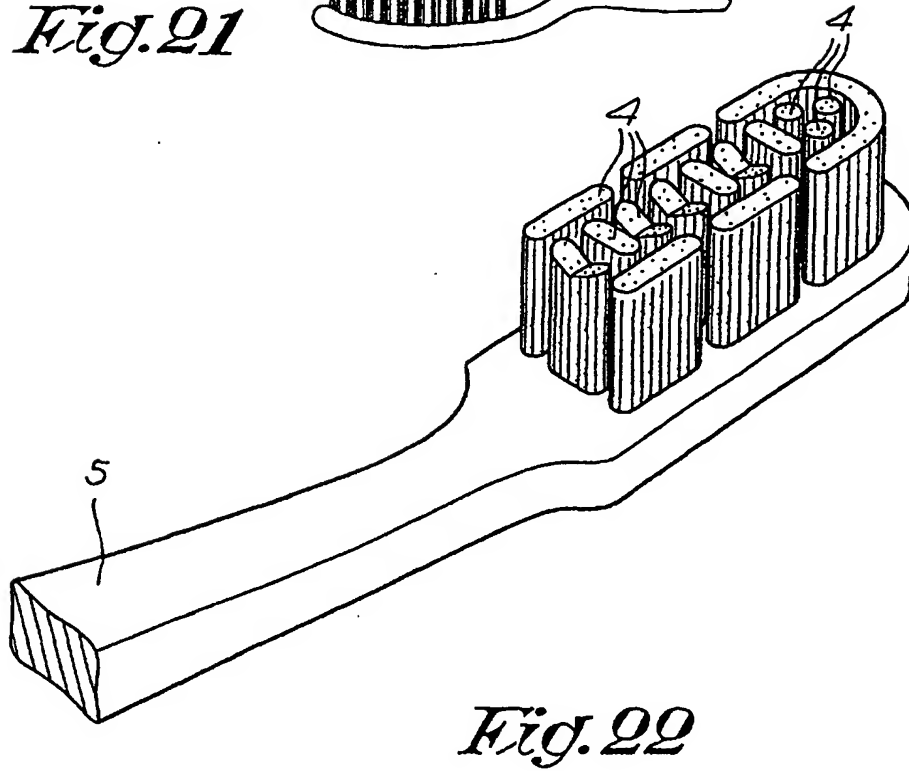
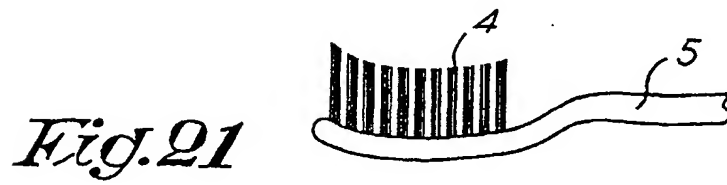
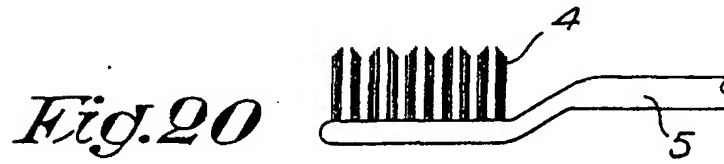
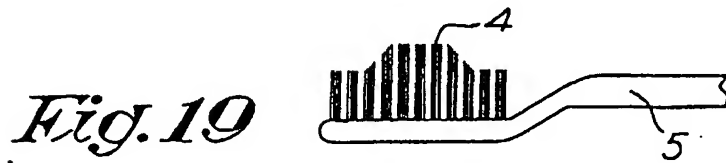


Fig. 17



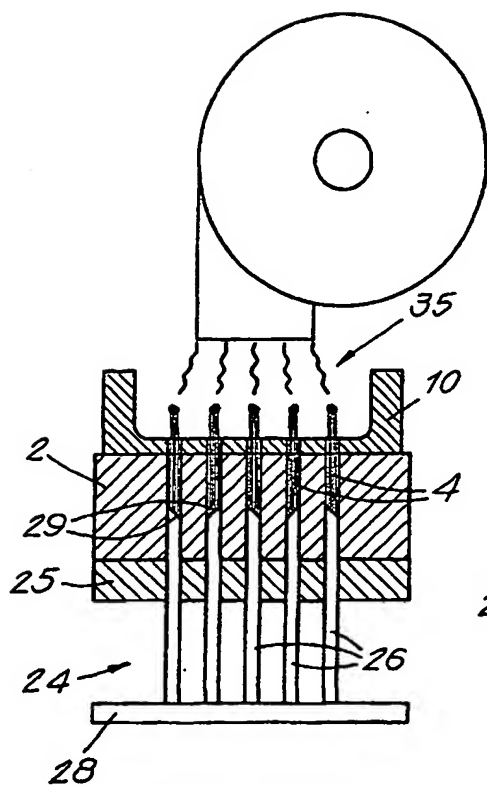


Fig. 23

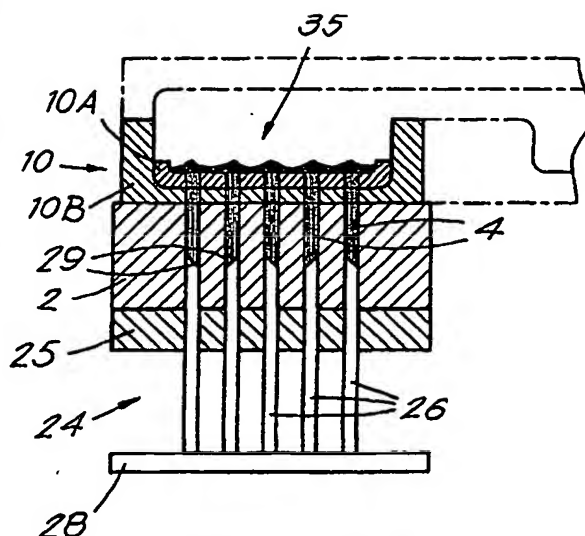


Fig. 24

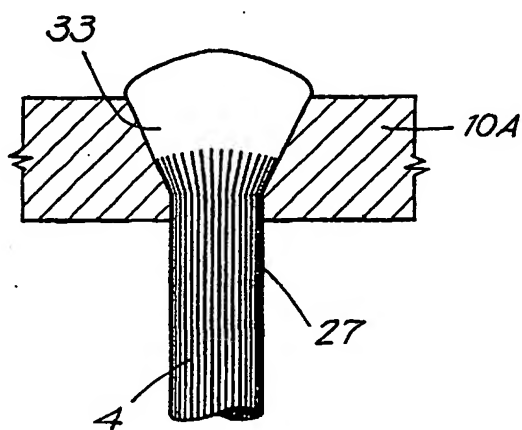


Fig. 25

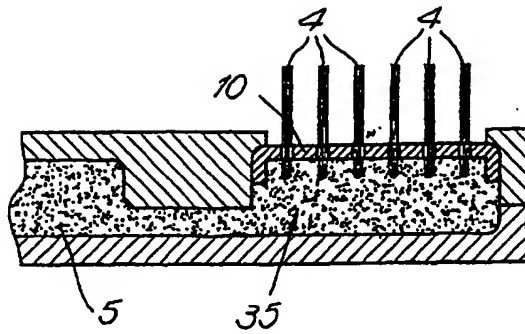


Fig. 26

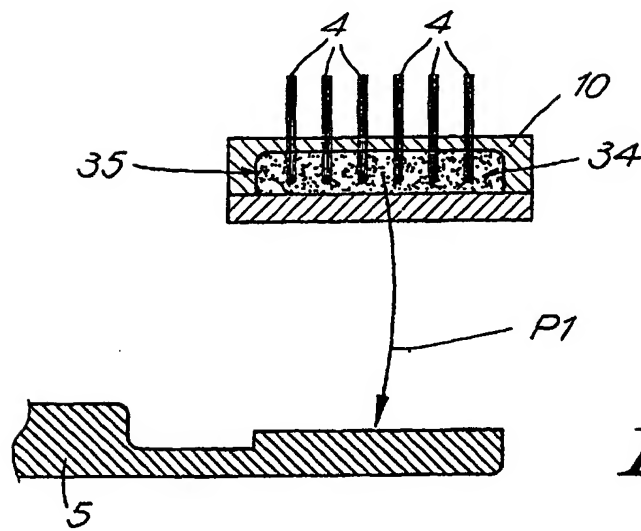


Fig. 27

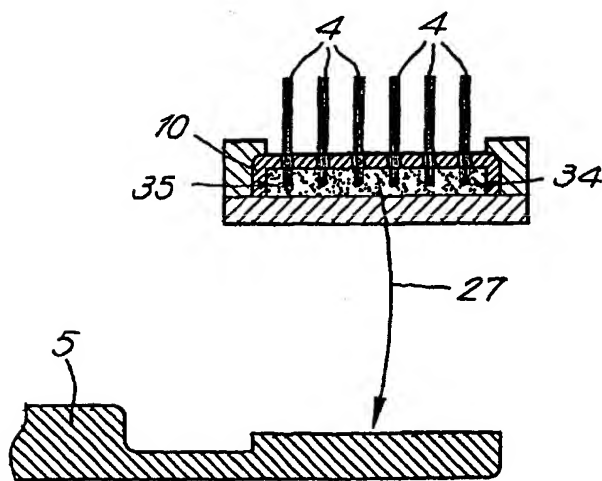


Fig. 28